being adequately manufactured to meet the domestic requirements.

Installation of population clocks

2106. DR. SANJAYA SINH :
SHRI SURESH PACHOURI :

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to instal population clocks at strategic locations in cities and towns in the country ;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard ;

(c) what would be the approximate cost of such a clock and who will manufacture them ; and

(d) how the Government proposes to meet the cost of these clocks ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARADEVI SIDDHARTHA) : (a) and (b) It is proposed to instal a population clock at prominent places in the cities/town of India depending on availability of funds. These clocks. besides time will show increase in population every minute or fraction thereof as also messages on various aspects of Family Welfare. The entire electronic system would be illuminated.

(c) and (d) Hindustan Machine Tools a Public Undertaking, is fabricating these clocks. The cost of one clock with moving messages at present is approximately Rs. 14·35 lacs which includes installation cost and taxes. Expenditure on those such clocks two of which are at present under production by HMT is being met by UNFPA. The present cost of clocks with fixed messages is Rs. 6·30 lacs and the cost of two such clocks is being met by the Govt. of Australia through UNFPA.

National Goitre Control Programme

2107. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN PILLAI : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) what are the areas identified on Chronic "Iodine-deficiency" areas ;

(b) what are the areas covered under the "National Goitre Control Programme";

(c) whether it is a fact that the expenditure on above programme has been cut this year ;

(d) whether Government are aware that more than 80 per cent families have a Goitre victim in the village Nanpur, District Ghaziabad, U.P. ; and

(e) if so, what special efforts Government have made in this direction ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARADEVI SIDDHARTHA) : (a) and (b) Statement showing areas identified as Chronic Iodine Deficiency and covered under National Goitre Control Programme is annexed. (*See below*).

(c) Plan provision on the National Goitre Control Programme has been tentatively reduced during the current year as the subsidy which was being paid to the Salt Manufacturers for iodisation of salt has since been discontinued with effect from 1-3-92.

(d) According to survey conducted by Central Goitre Survey Team of Dte. General of Health Services in 1987, the overall-Goitre prevalance in Nanpur village of Ghaziabad, District was 28·4%.

(e) Use of non-iodised salt for edible purposes has been banned in the State of Uttar Pradesh and iodised salt is being supplied for edible purposes to overcome problem of Goitre and other Iodine Deficiency Disorders. Ghaziabad district of Uttar Pradesh has been effectively covered with salt iodisation.

Statement

Table showing the Number of Districts Identified Chronic for Iodine Defeciency and the areas covered under National Goitre Control Programme

S. No.	Name of State	No. of Districts identified as Chronic for Iodine Deficiency	Areas covered under N.G.C.P.
1	2	3	
1	Andhra Pradesh	6	3 Districts
2	Arunachal Pradesh	Entire State	Entire State
3	Assam	16	Entire State
4	Bihar	21	Entire State
5	Goa	Entire State	Not yet covered
6	Gujarat	9	9 Districts
7	Haryana	1	Entire State
8	Himachal Pradesh	10	Entire State
9	Jammu & Kashmir	14	Entire State
10	Karnataka	5	Entire State
11	Kerala	4	Not yet covered
12	Madhya Pradesh	16	Entire State
13	Maharashtra	10	7 Districts
14	Mizoram	Entire State	Entire State
15	Manipur	Entire State	Entire State
16	Meghalaya	Entire State	Entire State
17	Nagaland	Entire State	Entire State
18	Orissa	2	1 District
19	Punjab	3	Entire State
20	Rajasthan	3	Not yet covered
21	Sikkim	Entire State	Entire State
22	Tamil Nadu	1	Not yet covered
23	Tripura	Entire State	Entire State
24	Uttar Pradesh	28	Entire State
25	West Bengal	5	Entire State

1	2	3
Union Territories :		
1 Chandigarh	Entire UT	Entire UT
2 Delhi	Entire UT	Entire UT
3 Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Entire UT	Entire UT
4 Daman & Diu	Entire UT	Entire UT

Registered Homoeopathic Practitioners

2108. DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) the number of registered Homoeopathic Practitioners in the country as on Ist July, 1992 ;

(b) the number of those who are engaged in actual Homoeopathic Practice ; and

(c) the number of those who are working on the non-clinical side ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D.K. THARADEVI SIDDHARTHA) : (a) Registration of Practitioners of Homoeopathy is done by State Governments. The numbers of registered Homoeopathic Practitioners, as per information received from State Governments and Central Council of Homoeopathy, is annexed as statement.

(b) and (c) Such information is not maintained.

Statement

Statewise Number of Registered Practioners in Homoeopathy

Sl. No.	State/UTs.	Total Practitioners	As on
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	3896	1-1-91
2	Assam	1151	1-1-89
3	Bihar	24429	1-1-92
4	Gujarat	1649	1-1-91
5	Haryana	5546	1-1-92
6	Himachal Pradesh	515	1-1-92
7	Karnataka	4094	1-1-92
8	Kerala	5585	1-1-92